The American Yawp

Chapter 25 – The Cold War

Quiz

- 1. What was the first military action taken by the United States against international communism?
 - a. American soldiers fought against the Red Army during the Russian civil war
 - b. American soldiers fought isolated battles against the Soviet Union during World War
 - c. The Berlin Airlift
 - d. The Korean War
- 2. Greece and Turkey were early flashpoints in the Cold War. How did the United States respond to unrest in Greece and Turkey in 1947?
 - a. The United States established long range missiles in these nations, capable of reaching Moscow
 - b. The United States sent military advisers to train anti-communist forces in both countries
 - c. The United States actively intervened in Greece but not in Turkey
 - d. The United States sent \$400 million to both nations to be used in resisting communism
- 3. What was the purpose of the Marshall Plan?
 - a. Rebuild Western Europe
 - b. Create new markets for American goods
 - c. Generate support for Capitalist democracies
 - d. All of the above
- 4. When was the Atlantic Charter issued?
 - a. After World War I
 - b. Before the United States entered World War II
 - c. After World War II
 - d. When the Soviet Union invaded Korea
- 5. What was the message of NSC-68?
 - a. A warning that the idea of the domino theory may represent a slippery slope commitment that would result in dozens of new wars
 - b. An economic argument for isolationism
 - c. A call for a tripling of the annual defense budget for the purpose of stopping communism
 - d. All of the above
- 6. Who first advocated the policy of containment?
 - a. George Kennan
 - b. Winston Churchill





- c. Harry Truman
- d. George Marshall
- 7. Why was Douglas MacArthur removed from command?
 - a. His defensive tactics frustrated an impatient President Truman
 - b. He refused to attack Chinese forces because of a fear of starting World War II
 - c. He was publicly insubordinate to the Commander in Chief
 - d. He refused to recognize the cease-fire
- 8. How did President Eisenhower attempt to prevent a Soviet Attack on the United States
 - a. By creating a satellite-based missile shield
 - b. Issuing a policy of détente to increase diplomatic cooperation
 - c. By promising "massive retaliation" and appealing to the logic of "mutually-assured destruction"
 - d. All of the above
- 9. Which of the following nations were not a part of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)?
 - a. Sweden
 - b. Italy
 - c. England
 - d. France
- 10. Which of the following advantages did the Soviet Union achieve during the Cold War?
 - a. Launched the first orbiting satellite
 - b. Create the first intercontinental ballistic missile
 - c. Sending the first human into orbit
 - d. All of the above
- 11. Joseph McCarthy first achieved national prominence in February 1950 by waving a piece of paper that he claimed included 205 communists currently working in what capacity?
 - a. Hollywood executives
 - b. New York bankers
 - c. Military officers
 - d. Members of the Department of State
- 12. Which of the following most accurately describes religious commitment during the early Cold War years?
 - a. Americans attended church at higher rates than in any time in American history
 - b. The Pledge of Allegiance was modified in 1954
 - c. Anti-Catholicism and Anti-Semitism declined in the United States
 - d. All of the above
- 13. Why did the United States fail to help more of the decolonization independence movements during the 1940s 1970s?
 - a. The United States did serve as the most active supporter of decolonization independence movements



- b. The United States was preoccupied with the arms race against the Soviet Union and therefore did not act one way or another during he decolonization struggle
- c. The Cold War alliance with Western Europe led the United States to support many colonial powers
- d. The United States was war-weary and an isolationist foreign policy prohibited active intervention for these decades
- 14. Why was the "loss" of China to communism so upsetting to Americans?
 - a. China was the most populous country in the world
 - b. It came just after a successful Soviet atomic bomb test
 - c. Mao overthrew a western-backed government
 - d. All of the above
- 15. All of the following events related to the Korean War are true EXCEPT
 - a. Communist forces took Seoul
 - b. The United Nations established the 38th Parallel as the boundary between North and South Korea
 - c. China sent nearly one million soldiers to repulse the UN-backed attack
 - d. An armistice was never officially signed